# Measurement

# Review

## Time



## **Telling Time Digital Game**

## I Know About Telling Time

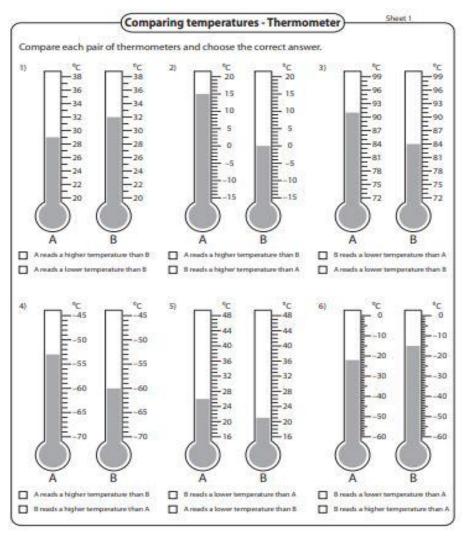
I. Draw 3 lines to match the times.



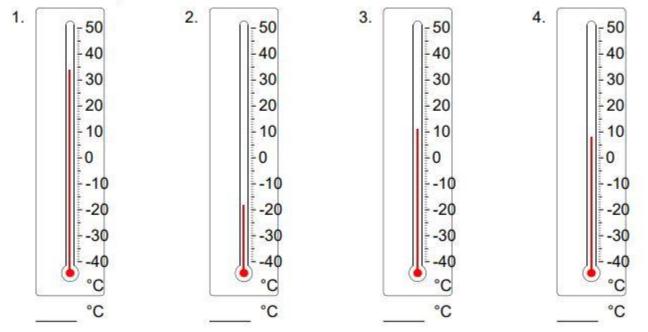
2. Put these times in order. Begin with a time close to when you wake up in the morning.

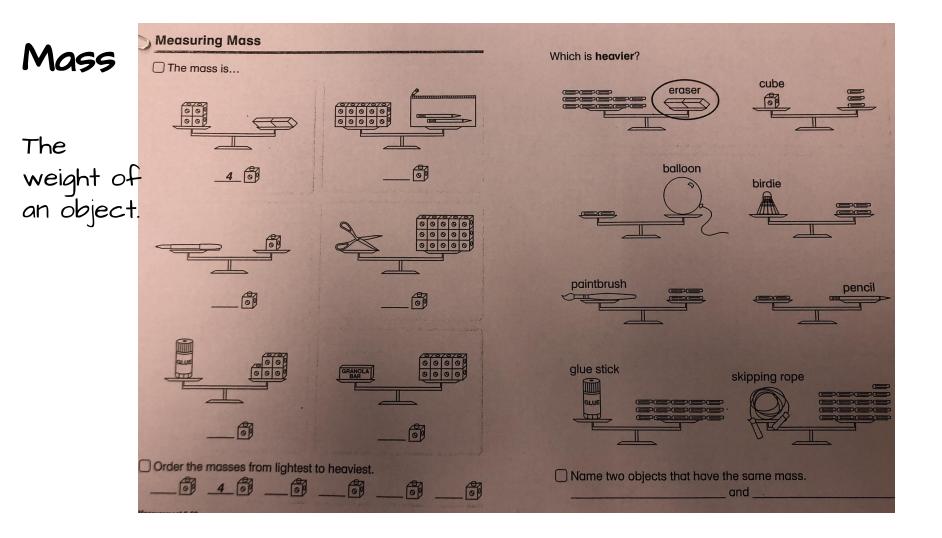
8:45	
10:45	18
7:30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2:15	×
12:15	
7:45	3
9:15	
1:45	3 <u>-</u>

# Temperature



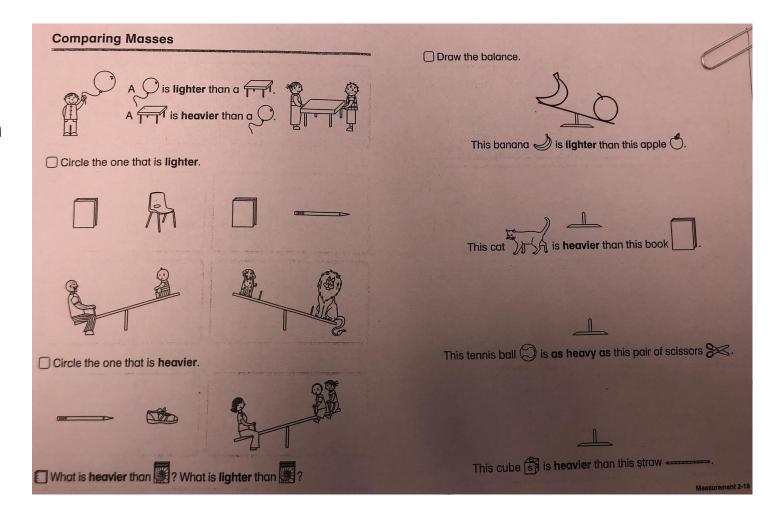
Write the temperature shown on each thermometer.

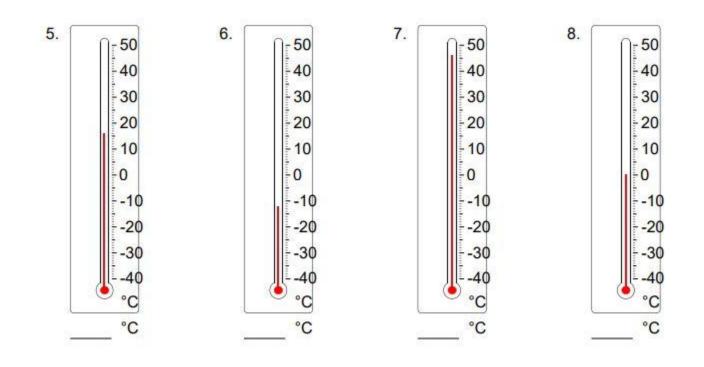




Capacity

How much an object can hold.





# Calendar

\*\*Practice the days of the week and months of the year IN ORDER!

			April			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
- SAL - CARLING AND	CAPUTE COLOR STATISTICS CONTENTS	Today		1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	
Today is <b>7</b> day, Ap 6,						
What day was it yesterday?						
What date will it be tomorrow?						
ayaka ha	as a play	date on A	April 15th.			
low many	<b>days</b> ur	ntil her plo	ay date? _			
en's birth	nday is in	exactly c	ne week.			
What <b>day</b> is his birthday?						
/hat date	is his bir	thday?				Par der Par
A class trip is in exactly 1 month.						



## The INSIDE of an object

Area Robot Task

#### Steps:

 Draw a robot on the grid paper. Make sure to draw along the grid lines and use squares and rectangles for all of the body parts. Here's an example (found at

http://goodmorningmrsrubie.blogspot.com/2012/09/area-robots-classroom-book-freebie.html):



2. Count the squares of each part of your robot and record the area in the chart below.

Robot Part	Area	
Body	squares	
Head _	squares	2
Arms _	squares	
Legs _	squares	

The total area of my robot is: \_\_\_\_\_ squares.

How Many Cheerios Will Fit In My Hand?

## unde 📫 Groups Pails Lablach 20 M

#### Overview

Students explore area and focus o counting by examining the numbe of cheerios needed to fill a handprint.

#### Big Ideas Measurement, Comparing Number Countling



Cheerios

0,000

#### Directions

- Students trace their handprint on a piece of construction paper then estimate the number of cheerios (or other object) it would take to fill their handprint.
- 2. Students then fill their handprint with cheerios.
- 3. Students then count the number of cheerios it took to fill their hand.
- 4. Data can be recorded by the teacher on a class chart as a table or as a bar graph.

#### **Key Questions**

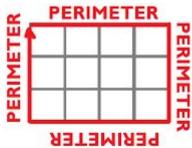
- · Does all the space get covered?
- · How does the size of your hand relate to the number of cheerios?
- If we used larger (or smaller) objects would we need more or less of them to fill the handprint?
- · Who had the most cheerios? The least cheerios?
- · How did you count all the cheerios?
- · Can you think of other ways you could have counted the cheerios?

### Supporting Learners

- Use larger objects like snap cubes to limit the number needed.
- Provide students with ten frames.
- Provide a 100s chart to assist with counting.

### **Extensions and Variations**

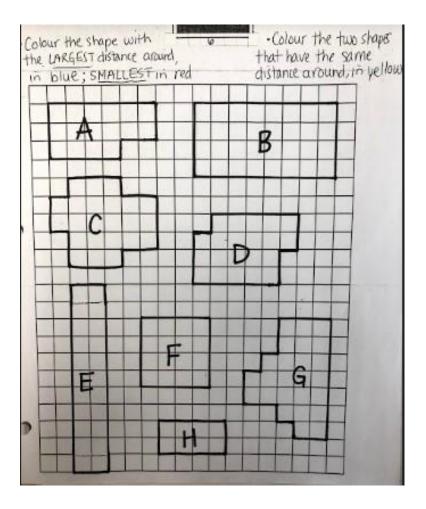
- Activity can be repeated with various objects to fill the handprint or using footprints.
- Have students use different objects and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the chosen object.



## The OUTSIDE of an object

Choose the best unit to measure the **perimeter** of the following spaces.

A football field	A classroom tabletop
a) cubes b) index cards c) a car	<ul><li>a) square tiles</li><li>b) erasers</li><li>c) playing cards</li></ul>
A book cover	A classroom floor tile
<ul><li>a) Kleenex box</li><li>b) index cards</li><li>c) square tiles</li></ul>	a) paper clips b) pencils c) chapter books

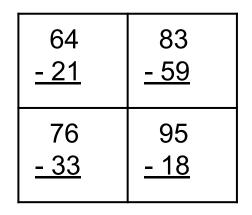


## Don't forget your FACTS!

62	81
<u>+23</u>	<u>+19</u>
48	22
<u>+44</u>	<u>+55</u>

7 x 4=	3 x 6=
5 x 5=	9 x 4=

\*\*practice skip counting by 5's this week



7 ÷ 7=	30 ÷ 6=
12 ÷ 3=	24 ÷ 3=